Appl. No. 10/624,169 Amdt. Dated December 6, 2004 Reply to Office action of September 8, 2004

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

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Claim 1 (currently amended): A heat cooking apparatus 1 2 having a heating chamber enclosed by plate members in which an 3 object to be heated that is housed in the heating chamber is 4 heated and cooked by a heater which is disposed along a part one 5 of the plate member members forming the heating chamber, 6 wherein out of the plate members which form the heating 7 chamber, at least the plate member which is directly heated by 8 the heater is comprised of a stainless steel plate, and on a 9 surface of an inner side of the heating chamber of this stainless steel plate, a self-cleaning layer is formed by coating a 10 self-cleaning material, which is comprised of an oxidation 11 12 catalyst which decomposes accreted dirt, by use of a porcelain 13 enamel glaze as an accretion material wherein, at least one of the plate members is directly 14 heated by the heater and is comprised of a stainless steel plate, 15 wherein a self-cleaning layer comprises a coating of 16 17 a self-cleaning material on an inner side of the stainless steel plate as a porcelain enamel glaze as an accretion material, 18 wherein the self cleaning material comprises an 19 20 oxidation catalyst which decomposes accreted dirt.

Claim 2 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 1, wherein the porcelain enamel glaze is one

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- 3 in which one type or more powder out of powders for enameling
- 4 comprises adding one or more powders for enameling selected from
- 5 the group consisting of aluminum, iron, nickel, copper, chromium,
- 6 silver, bronze, and titanium is added to frit.
- 1 Claim 3 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as
 2 set forth in Claim 1, wherein the self-cleaning material is
 3 comprised of one type or more oxidation catalyst catalysts out
 4 selected from the group consisting of iron oxide, manganese
 5 oxide, and copper oxide.
- Claim 4 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as 1 2 set forth in Claim 1, wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed by having the self-cleaning powder material, which is formed by 3 having the self-cleaning material dissolved in the porcelain 4 5 enamel glaze and powdered, mixed with water and by applying to the stainless steel plate and by bake-sticking a self-cleaning 6 7 powder material comprises dissolving the self cleaning material in the porcelain enamel glaze and grinding the mixture into a 8 9 powder,
 - wherein the self-cleaning layer comprises mixing the self-cleaning powder material with water,
- wherein the self-cleaning layer is applied to the stainless steel plate by bake-sticking.
 - Claim 5 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 1, wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed by having the self-cleaning powder material, which is formed by

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sticking.

having the self-cleaning material dissolved in the porcelain enamel glaze and powdered, accreted to the porcelain enamel glaze 5 which is applied to the stainless steel in advance and by 6 a self-cleaning powder material comprises 7 bake-sticking dissolving the self cleaning material in the porcelain enamel 8 glaze and grinding the mixture in to a powder, 9 10 wherein the self-cleaning layer is accreted to the 11 porcelain enamel glaze, wherein the porcelain enamel glaze is applied in 12

advance to the stainless steel plate by bake-sticking.

Claim 6 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 1, wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed by having the self-cleaning powder material, which is formed by having the self-cleaning material dissolved in the porcelain enamel glaze and powdered, mixed with water and by applying to the stainless steel plate, and by having the self-cleaning powder material accreted to this powdered self-cleaning powder material and by bake-sticking a self-cleaning powder material comprises dissolving the self cleaning material in the porcelain enamel glaze and grinding the mixture in to a powder,

wherein the self-cleaning layer comprises mixing the self-cleaning powder material with water,

wherein the self-cleaning powder material is accreted to the stainless steel plate in powder form,

wherein the self-cleaning layer is applied by bake-

Claim 7 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as

set forth in Claim 1, wherein the heater is disposed on a back

side of a rear face plate which forms forming the heating

chamber[[,]] and wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed on

applied to the rear face plate.

Claim 8 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 1, wherein the heater is disposed on an upper side of a top face plate which forms forming the heating chamber[[,]] and wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed on applied to the top face plate.

Claim 9 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 1, wherein a rear face plate includes a plurality of air intake use through-holes and a plurality of air blowing use through-holes are formed in the rear face plate, and wherein disposed on a back side of the rear face plate, disposed is a circulation fan which sucks air [[in]] from the heating chamber from through the air intake use through-hole through-holes where after the air is heated by the heater, and wherein a collection plate having a plurality of through-holes is positioned inside at an inner side of the heating chamber, of the rear face plate, placed is a collection plate having a plurality of through-holes, and wherein the collection plate covers the rear face

Claim 10 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as

plate is covered by the collection plate.

- set forth in Claim 9, wherein the collection plate is detachably
- 3 placed positioned in the heating chamber.
- Claim 11 (currently amended): The heat cooking apparatus as

 set forth in Claim 9, wherein the collection plate is comprised

 of further comprises a corrosion resistance steel plate, and

 having a fluorine resin coat layer applied to on at least a

 surface thereof of an inner side of the heating chamber, a

 fluorine resin coat layer is formed.
 - claim 12 (currently amended): The heat cooling cooking apparatus as set forth in Claim 9, wherein the collection plate is comprised of further comprises a porcelain enameling use steel plate, and after applying the porcelain enamel glaze as a ground coat, the self-cleaning material is applied and baked, and thereby, wherein the self-cleaning layer is formed comprises applying the porcelain enamel glaze to the collection plate and applying the self-cleaning material to the porcelain enamel glaze and baking both layers.
 - Claim 13 (currently amended): A self-cleaning functional material characterized in that a self-cleaning layer is formed in such a manner that, on a surface of a substrate which is a stainless steel plate, a self-cleaning material, which is comprised of oxidation catalyst which oxide-decomposes accreted dirt at high temperature, is coated by use of a porcelain enamel glaze as an accretion material comprising:
- 8 <u>a self-cleaning material further comprising an</u>

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- 9 oxidation catalyst that oxide-decomposes accreted dirt at high
- 10 temperatures,

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- wherein a self-cleaning layer comprises coating the 11
- self-cleaning material to a substrate using a porcelain enamel 12
- 13 glaze as an accretion material,
- wherein the substrate is a stainless steel plate. 14
- Claim 14 (currently amended): The self-cleaning functional 1 material as set forth in Claim 13, wherein the porcelain enamel 2 glaze is one which is formed by comprises adding one type or more 3 powder powders out of powder for enameling selected from the 4 group consisting of aluminum, iron, nickel, copper, chromium, 5 silver, bronze, and titanium to frit. 6
- Claim 15 (currently amended): The self-cleaning functional material as set forth in Claim 13, wherein the self-cleaning 2 material is comprised of further comprises an oxidation catalyst 3 of one type or more out selected from the group consisting of 4 iron oxide, manganese oxide, and copper oxide. 5
- Claim 16 (currently amended): A method of applying The the 1 2 self-cleaning functional material as set forth in Claim 137 3 wherein on a surface of the substrate a ground coat layer of the 4 porcelain enamel glaze, and a self-cleaning layer containing the 5 self-cleaning material are formed in this order comprising the 6 steps of:
- applying the porcelain enamel glaze to a surface of 8 the substrate; and,

applying the self-cleaning layer to the porcelain 9 enamel glaze, wherein the self-cleaning layer further comprises 10 the self-cleaning material. 11 Claim 17 (currently amended): A manufacturing method of the 1 self-cleaning functional material as set forth in Claim 13, and 2 comprising the steps of: 3 4 a manufacturing method of the self-cleaning method 5 characterized in that the self-cleaning layer is formed by having a self-cleaning powder material, which is dissolved in the 6 7 porcelain enamel glaze and powdered, mixed with water and by applying to the substrate and by bake-sticking 8 providing a self-cleaning layer further comprising the 9 steps of: 10 dissolving a self-cleaning material in the 11 porcelain enamel glaze to form a mixture; 12 grinding the mixture to form a self-cleaning 13 14 powder material; mixing the self-cleaning powder material with 15 16 water to form the self-cleaning layer; and 17 applying the self-cleaning layer to the substrate by 18 bake sticking. 1 Claim 18 (currently amended): A manufacturing method of the 2 self-cleaning functional material as set forth in Claim 13, and comprising the steps of: 3 4 a manufacturing method of the self-cleaning method 5 characterized in that the self-cleaning layer is formed by

6	accreting a self-cleaning powder material, which is dissolved in
7	the porcelain enamel glaze and powdered, to the porcelain enamel
8	glaze which was applied to the substrate in advance and by
9	bake-sticking
10	providing a self-cleaning layer further comprising the
11	steps of:
12	dissolving a self-cleaning material in the
13	porcelain enamel glaze to form a mixture;
14	grinding the mixture to form a self-cleaning
15	<pre>powder material;</pre>
16	applying the porcelain enamel glaze to the
17	substrate by bake sticking; and
18	accreting the self-cleaning powder material to
19	the porcelain glaze.
1	Claim 19 (currently amended): A manufacturing method of the
2	self-cleaning functional material as set forth in Claim 13, and
3	comprising the steps of:
4	a manufacturing method of the self-cleaning method
5	characterized in that the self-cleaning layer is formed by having
6	a self-cleaning powder material, which is dissolved in the
7	porcelain enamel glaze and powdered; mixed with water and by
8	applying to the substrate and by accreting the self-cleaning
9	powder material in powder form to this applied self-cleaning
10	powder material and by bake-sticking
11	providing the self-cleaning layer further comprising
12	the steps of:
13	dissolving a self-cleaning material in the

14	porcelain enamel glaze to form a mixture;
15	grinding the mixture to form a self-cleaning
16	<pre>powder material;</pre>
17	mixing the self-cleaning powder material with
18	water to form the self-cleaning layer;
19	accreting the self-cleaning powder material in powder
20	form to the substrate; and,
21	applying the self-cleaning layer to the substrate by
22	bake sticking.